Hand wrist small FOV 16 GE

Indications	Pain, swelling, fall, mva, trauma					
Diagnostic Task	Detect fractures, dislocations, arthritis					
Scan mode	Helical					
Position/Landmark	Head first-prone-mid forearm S80-l80					
Topogram	AP 120kV 10mA Lat 120kV 10mA					
kVp/Reference mass	120kv 200mA					
Rotation time/pitch	01.0/0.938:1					
Detector Configuration	16x0.625					
Table Speed/Increment	9.37					
Dose reduction	Noise Index na					
Allowed CTDI ranges*	7mGy-50mGy					
XR29 Dose Notification value	50mGy					
Helical Set		body	thickness		recon	
	rec	on part	spacing	algorithm	destination	
	1	hand/wrist bone	.625mmx .625mm	bone	pacs	
	2	soft tissue	.625mmx.625mm	standard	mpr 3d	
	3	hand/wrist	2.5mmx 2.5mm	standard	pacs	
	4	sag bone	2mmx2mm	bone	pacs	
	5	coronal bone	2mmx2mm	bone	pacs	
	6	sag soft tissue	2mmx2mm	standard	pacs	
	7	coronal soft tissue	2mmx2mm	standard	pacs	
Scan Start/	hand-1cm superior to the distal radioulnar joint/ wrist-1cm superior distal radial diaphysis					
end location	hand-through finger tips/ wrist-1cm inferior to third metacarpal base					
DFOV	10-15cm					
		decrease appropriately				
3D Technique Used	do 3d spin with recon 220 images rotate externally-if fracture seen					
IV contrast volume/type	100	100ml -isovue 370- if needed for soft tissue infection or mass				
Scan delay	90s	90seconds-Performed as directed by a the supervising radiologist				
	Patient prone Arm of concern above head with elbow extended-Palm down					

use axial image to reformat sag and coronal reformats

Please see online MSK CT protocols for details