ROUTINE FACE 16 Sensation

Indications	Trauma, Pain, Swelling					
Diagnostic Task	Detect fratures, edema, masses, or infection of the face					
Position/Landmark	Head first- Supine					
Scan Type	Helical					
Topogram Direction	Lateral 50mA 120kV AP 50mA 120kV					
KV/Effective mAs	120kv 115mas					
Rotation time/pitch	0.75/0.55					
Detector Confituraiton	16x0.75					
table speed/Increment	6.6					
Dose Reduction	Cared dose 4D					
Allowed CTDI ranges*	30mGy-80mGy					
XR29 Dose Notification V	80mGy					
Helical Set-SUPINE		body	thickness			recon
	recon	part	spacing	kernel	window	destination
	1 facia	al bones	.75mmx .5mm	70 very sharp	osteo	mpr/pacs
	2 facial soft tissue 1mmx 1mm 31 medium smooth mediastinum mpr/pacs					
	1cm superior to frontal sinus					
Scan start/end	thru mandible					
DFOV	25cm					
angle	none					
3D Technique Used	Coronal and sag face 1mmx1mm reformat from recon 1 bone					
	Coronal 2mmx2mm reformat from recon 3 soft tissue					
IV contrast volume/type	80ml under 250lbs 100ml over 250lbs isovue 370 2cc/sec if needed					
Scan delay	60 seconds					
		side of face				
NOTE*	The Diagnositc Reference Dose (CTDI vol) is 75mGy(with 16cm CTDI phantom). The pass/fail limit (ACR and Washington state)					
	is 80mGy. Most routine head scans on modern scanners have CTDIvol ranges between 40 and 60mGy.					
	*The AAPM recommended NEXA XR29 Dose Notification Value for an adult head is 80mGy. The maximum CTDIvol should match					
	the dose notification value. Exams with CTDI vol values less than the minimum allowed range should not be performed unless					
	approved by a radiologist.					