

CT Abdomen Pelvis wo Colonography

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In accordance with the ALARA principle, TRA policies and protocols promote the utilization of radiation dose reduction techniques for all CT examinations. For scanner/protocol combinations that allow for the use of automated exposure control and/or iterative reconstruction algorithms while maintaining diagnostic image quality, those techniques can be employed when appropriate. For examinations that require manual or fixed mA/kV settings as a result of individual patient or scanner/protocol specific factors, technologists are empowered and encouraged to adjust mA, kV or other scan parameters based on patient size (including such variables as height, weight, body mass index and/or lateral width) with the goals of reducing radiation dose and maintaining diagnostic image quality.

If any patient at a TRA-MINW outpatient facility requires CT re-imaging, obtain radiologist advice prior to proceeding with the exam.

The following document is an updated CT protocol for all of the sites at which TRA-MINW is responsible for the administration, quality, and interpretation of CT examinations.

Include for ALL exams

- Scout: Send all scouts for all cases
- Reformats: Made from thinnest source acquisition
 - Scroll Display
 - Axial recons Cranial to caudal
 - Coronal recons Anterior to posterior
 - Sagittal recons Right to left
 - o Chest reformats should be in separate series from Abdomen/Pelvis reformats, where applicable
- kVp
- o 100 @ <=140lbs
- o 120 @ >140lbs
- mAs
 - o Prefer: Quality reference mAs for specific exam, scanner and patient size
 - Auto mAs, as necessary



CT Abdomen Pelvis wo Colonography

Indication: To look for polyps and to check for colon or rectal (colorectal) cancer.

Patient Position:

Supine, feet down with arms above head – first scan

• Prone, feet down with arms above head – second scan

Scan Range (CC z-axis): 1 cm above diaphragm through lesser trochanter (to include all air in colon)

Prep: See prep document

Oral Contrast: None

Note: Optimal insufflation is critical!!

IV Contrast and Delay: N/A

Scouts

Scout radiograph

- o 5 axial slices (5 mm thickness, ST kernel) at the following levels:
 - o T11-T12, L1-L2, L3-L4, L5-S1, below SI joints
- Rad check prior to proceeding to ensure adequate prep

Acquisitions: 2 non-contrast scans

- Non-contrast supine
- Non-contrast prone
- Non-contrast decubitus (right side down) if poor distention of sigmoid colon
 - Scan at technologist discretion, check with radiologist if needed

Series + Reformats:

1. Non-contrast supine

- a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
- b. Axial thins (0.5-1.5 mm thinnest possible) ST kernel sent to pacs and TeraRecon
- c. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
- d. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel

2. Non-contrast prone

- a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
- b. Axial thins (0.5-1.5 mm thinnest possible) ST kernel sent to pacs and TeraRecon
- c. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
- d. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel

3. Non-contrast decubitus (if needed)

- a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
- b. Axial thins (0.5-1.5 mm thinnest possible) ST kernel sent to pacs and TeraRecon
- c. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
- d. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel

CT Colonography patients are scanned supine first and then prone. The colon will be scanned after inflation with an automated CO₂ insufflator per the procedure document.



***Machine specific protocols are included below for reference
Machine specific recons (axial ranges given above for machine variability):
*Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness (axial):
• GE = 2.5 mm
• Siemens = 2 mm
Toshiba = 2 mm



General Comments

NOTE:

Use of IV contrast is preferred for most indications <u>aside from</u>: pulmonary nodule follow-up, HRCT, lung cancer screening, and in patients with a contraindication to iodinated contrast (see below).

Contrast Relative Contraindications

- Severe contrast allergy: anaphylaxis, laryngospasm, severe bronchospasm
 - If there is history of severe contrast allergy to IV contrast, avoid administration of oral contrast
- Acute kidney injury (AKI): Creatinine increase of greater than 30% over baseline
 - Reference hospital protocol (creatinine cut-off may vary)
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 4 or 5 (eGFR < 30 mL/min per 1.73 m²) NOT on dialysis
 - Reference hospital protocol

Contrast Allergy Protocol

- Per hospital protocol
- Discuss with radiologist as necessary

Hydration Protocol

• For eGFR 30-45 mL/min per 1.73 m²: Follow approved hydration protocol

IV Contrast (where indicated)

- Isovue 370 is the default intravenous contrast agent
 - See specific protocols for contrast volume and injection rate
- If Isovue 370 is unavailable:
 - Osmolality 350-370 (i.e., Omnipaque 250): Use same volume as Isovue 370
 - Osmolality 380-320 (i.e., Isovue 300, Visipaque): Use indicated volume + 25 mL (not to exceed 125 mL total contrast)

Oral Contrast

- Dilutions to be performed per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- Volumes to be given per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- TRA-MINW document is available for reference if necessary (see website)

Brief Summary

- Chest only
 - ✓ Chest W. Chest WO
 - ✓ CTPE
 - ✓ HRCT
 - ✓ Low Dose Screening/Nodule
 - None

TRA-MINW

- Pelvis only
 - ✓ Pelvis W, Pelvis WO
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Routine, excluding chest only and pelvis only
 - ✓ Abd W, Abd WO
 - ✓ Abd/Pel W, Abd/Pel WO
 - ✓ Chest/Abd W, Chest/Abd WO
 - ✓ Chest/Abd/Pel W, Chest/Abd/Pel WO
 - ✓ Neck/Chest/Abd/Pel W, Neck/Chest Abd Pel WO
 - ✓ CTPE + Abd/Pel W
 - TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue-370
 - Hospital sites:
 - ED: Water, if possible
 - Inpatient: prefer Dilute Isovue 370
 - Gastrografin OK if Isovue unavailable
 - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
 - FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat)
- Multiphase abdomen/pelvis
 - ✓ Liver, pancreas
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
 - ✓ Renal, adrenal
 - None
- CTA abdomen/pelvis
 - ✓ Mesenteric ischemia, acute GI bleed, endograft
 - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Enterography
 - Breeza, full instructions as indicated
- Esophogram
 - Dilute Isovue 370, full instructions as indicated
- Cystogram, Urogram
 - None
- Venogram
 - Water, full instructions as indicated