

### CT Chest Low Dose Lung Cancer Screen CT Chest WO

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In accordance with the ALARA principle, TRA policies and protocols promote the utilization of radiation dose reduction techniques for all CT examinations. For scanner/protocol combinations that allow for the use of automated exposure control and/or iterative reconstruction algorithms while maintaining diagnostic image quality, those techniques can be employed when appropriate. For examinations that require manual or fixed mA/kV settings as a result of individual patient or scanner/protocol specific factors, technologists are empowered and encouraged to adjust mA, kV or other scan parameters based on patient size (including such variables as height, weight, body mass index and/or lateral width) with the goals of reducing radiation dose and maintaining diagnostic image quality.

# If any patient at a TRA-MINW outpatient facility requires CT re-imaging, obtain radiologist advice prior to proceeding with the exam.

The following document is an updated CT protocol for all of the sites at which TRA-MINW is responsible for the administration, quality, and interpretation of CT examinations.

#### Include for ALL exams

- Scout: Send all scouts for all cases
- Reformats: Made from thinnest source acquisition
  - Scroll Display
    - Axial recons Cranial to caudal
    - Coronal recons Anterior to posterior
    - Sagittal recons Right to left
  - o Chest reformats should be in separate series from Abdomen/Pelvis reformats, where applicable
- kVp
  - o 100 @ <=140lbs
  - o 120 @ >140lbs
- mAs
  - o Prefer: Quality reference mAs for specific exam, scanner and patient size
  - o Auto mAs, as necessary



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### Indications:

LDCT Lung cancer screening – Must meet lung cancer screening criteria for Medicare/Medicaid reimbursement (criteria below); see policy for self-pay

- Age 55 to 74 (American Cancer Society) or 80 (ACR)
- >= 30 pack year smoking history (packs per year x years smoking)
- Quit <15 years ago
- Asymptomatic
- No chest CT within 12 months (ACR)

\*\*Please see table at end of this protocol for questions regarding Lung Cancer Screening CT (LDCT) follow-up guidelines\*\*

Patient Position: Supine, feet down with arms above head

Scan Range (CC z-axis): Lung apices through L1

Prep: No solids (liquids OK) for 3 hours prior to examination

• Note: Okay to continue examination if prep is incomplete or not done

Oral Contrast: None

**IV Contrast:** Not applicable

Acquisitions: 1 (non-contrast)

### • Non-contrast chest (low dose)

- Low dose technique per ACR CTDI vol <= 3 mGy</li>
  - **kVp:** 100-140
  - mAs: set in combination with kVp to meet CTDI vol dose limit
- Single breath, full inspiration

### \*\*(Machine specific protocols are included below for reference)\*\*

### Series + Reformats:

1. Non-contrast chest (low dose)

- a. Axial 2-2.5 mm ST kernel
- b. Axial 1.2-1.5 mm lung kernel
- c. Axial 10 x 2 mm MIP ST kernel
- d. Coronal 2 mm ST kernel
- e. Sagittal 2 mm ST kernel

### • Machine specific recons:

\*Soft tissue (ST) Kernel, machine-specific thickness:

- GE = 2.5 mm
- Siemens = 2 mm



#### • Toshiba = 2 mm

\*Lung Kernel, machine-specific thickness

- GE = 1.25 mm
- Siemens = 1.2 mm (or 1.5 mm on older generation)
- Toshiba = 1.5 mm

Source(s):

https://www.acr.org/~/media/99D260410DF44A3BA01F1AB716DE8F2F.pdf http://www.acraccreditation.org/~/media/ACRAccreditation/Documents/LCS/Lung-Cancer-Screening-Technical-Specifications.pdf?la=en

# **TRA-MINW**

## **General Comments**

### NOTE:

Use of IV contrast is preferred for most indications <u>aside from</u>: pulmonary nodule follow-up, HRCT, lung cancer screening, and in patients with a contraindication to iodinated contrast (see below).

### Contrast Relative Contraindications

- Severe contrast allergy: anaphylaxis, laryngospasm, severe bronchospasm
  - If there is history of severe contrast allergy to IV contrast, avoid administration of oral contrast
- Acute kidney injury (AKI): Creatinine increase of greater than 30% over baseline
  - Reference hospital protocol (creatinine cut-off may vary)
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD) stage 4 or 5 (eGFR < 30 mL/min per 1.73 m<sup>2</sup>) NOT on dialysis
  - Reference hospital protocol

### **Contrast Allergy Protocol**

- Per hospital protocol
- Discuss with radiologist as necessary

### **Hydration Protocol**

• For eGFR **30-45 mL/min** per 1.73 m<sup>2</sup>: Follow approved hydration protocol

### IV Contrast (where indicated)

- Isovue 370 is the default intravenous contrast agent
  - See specific protocols for contrast volume and injection rate
- If Isovue 370 is unavailable:
  - o Osmolality 350-370 (i.e., Omnipaque 250): Use same volume as Isovue 370
  - Osmolality 380-320 (i.e., Isovue 300, Visipaque): Use indicated volume + 25 mL (not to exceed 125 mL total contrast)

### **Oral Contrast**

- Dilutions to be performed per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- Volumes to be given per site/hospital policy (unless otherwise listed)
- TRA-MINW document is available for reference if necessary (see website)

### **Brief Summary**

- <u>Chest only</u>
  - ✓ Chest W, Chest WO
  - ✓ CTPE
  - ✓ HRCT
  - ✓ Low Dose Screening/Nodule
    - o None



- Pelvis only
  - ✓ Pelvis W, Pelvis WO
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Routine, excluding chest only and pelvis only
  - ✓ Abd W, Abd WO
  - ✓ Abd/Pel W, Abd/Pel WO
  - ✓ Chest/Abd W, Chest/Abd WO
  - ✓ Chest/Abd/Pel W, Chest/Abd/Pel WO
  - ✓ Neck/Chest/Abd/Pel W, Neck/Chest Abd Pel WO
  - ✓ CTPE + Abd/Pel W
    - TRA-MINW offices: Dilute Isovue-370
    - o Hospital sites:
      - ED: Water, if possible
        - Inpatient: prefer Dilute Isovue 370
          - Gastrografin OK if Isovue unavailable
          - Avoid Barium (Readi-Cat)
      - FHS/MHS Outpatient: Gastrografin and/or Barium (Readi-Cat)
- <u>Multiphase abdomen/pelvis</u>
  - ✓ Liver, pancreas
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
  - Renal, adrenal
    - o None
- <u>CTA abdomen/pelvis</u>
  - ✓ Mesenteric ischemia, acute GI bleed, endograft
    - Water, full instructions as indicated
- Enterography
  - o Breeza, full instructions as indicated
- Esophogram
  - Dilute Isovue 370, full instructions as indicated
- <u>Cystogram, Urogram</u>
  - o None
- Venogram
  - Water, full instructions as indicated



# Low Dose Lung Cancer Screening CT Chest should only be performed every 12 months.

Please call radiologist if less than 12 months between requested screening exams.

<b>Description</b>	LungRADS	Management
	<u>Category</u>	
Incomplete	0	Additional/repeat lung cancer screening CT and/or comparison to prior chest CT examination is needed
Negative (no nodules or definitely benign nodules)	1	Continue annual screening with Low Dose Lung Cancer Screen CT Chest non-contrast in 12 months
Benign appearance or behavior	2	Continue annual screening with Low Dose Lung Cancer Screen CT Chest non-contrast in 12 months
Probably benign	3	6 month Low Dose Nodule Follow-up CT Chest non- contrast**
Suspicious	4A	3 month <b>Low Dose Nodule Follow-up CT Chest</b> non- contrast **PET/CT may be used if solid component ≥ 8 mm.
	4B	<b>Routine CT Chest</b> contrast or non-contrast**, PET/CT, and/or tissue sampling.
Significant finding modifier	S	Schedule as indicated by radiologist in prior report
Prior lung cancer modifier	С	