

Pancreas 3 phase+Pelvis 64 GE

Indications	For acute pancreatitis, pancreatic mass, pancreatic mass ordered by GI or other subspecialist						
Diagnostic Task	Detect masses, abscess						
Scan mode	Helical						
Position/Landmark	Head first-Supine Xiphoid S50-I500						
Topogram	AP 120kV 20mA Lat 120kV 40mA						
kVp/Reference mass	120kv Auto mA (300-700)						
Rotation time/pitch	0.5/0.984:1						
Detector Configuration	64x0.625						
Table Speed/Increment	39.37						
Dose reduction	Noise Index 15.86						
Allowed CTDI ranges*	7mGy-50mGy						
XR29 Dose Notification value	50mGy						
Helical Set#1 non con	body	thickness	recon				
	recon	part	spacing	algorithm	destination		
	1 abdomen	2.5mmx 2.5mm	standard	pacs			
Helical Set#2 40sec	body	thickness	recon				
	recon	part	spacing	algorithm	destination		
	1 abdomen	2.5mmx 2.5mm	standard	pacs			
	2 sag abdomen	2mmx2mm	standard	pacs			
Helical Set #3 70sec	body	thickness	recon				
	recon	part	spacing	algorithm	destination		
	1 abdomen/pelvis	2.5mmx 2.5mm	standard	pacs			
	2 sag abdomen/pel	2mmx2mm	standard	pacs			
	3 coronal abdomen/pel	2mmx2mm	standard	pacs			
Scan start all sets	1cm superior to diaphragm						
end location	NC-40sec iliac crest// 70sec through lesser trochanters						
IV contrast volume/rate	75ml < 200lbs, 100ml 200-250lbs, 125ml>250lbs isovue 370 4cc/sec						
	Performed as directed by a supervising radiologist						
Scan delay	non-con/40sec-arterial/ 70sec-venous						
	Approximate Values for CTDIvol						
NOTE*	Patient size	weight(kg)	weight(lbs)	CTDIvol(mGy)			
	SMALL	50-70	110-155	10-17			
	AVERAGE	70-90	155-200	15-25			
	LARGE	90-120	200-265	22-35			
	*The AAPM recommended NEMA XR29 Dose Notification Value for an adult torso is 50mGy. Dose Notification levels less than the						

AAPM recommended can be set. The maximum CTDI vol should match the dose notification value. Exams with CTDI vol values less than the minimum allowed range should not be performed unless approved by a radiologist.

