

CTA Chest for PE+AP 64 Sensation

Indications	SOB, Chest pain, cough, elevated d-dimer, hemoptysis, nausea, vomiting					
Diagnostic Task	Detect pulmonary embolism, nodules or masses and characterize their size and shape, abnormal fluid collections in chest					
Scan mode	Helical					
Position/Landmark	feet first-Supine-inspiration-1cm superior to shoulders					
Topogram	AP 40mA 120kVp					
kVp/Reference mass	120kv 200mas/Care Dose ON/100kv if pt under 140lbs					
Rotation time/pitch	PE 0.5/0.8//AP 0.8/0.8					
Detector Configuration	PE 64x0.6// AP 24x1.2					
Table Speed/Increment	PE 30.72//AP 23.04					
Dose reduction	Care Dose					
Allowed CTDI ranges*	7mGy-50mGy					
XR29 Dose Notification value	50mGy					
Helical Set #1	recon	body part	thickness spacing	kernel	window	recon destination
	1	chest	2mmx 2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	2	lung	1.5mmx 1.5mm	70very sharp	lung	pac
	3	coronal chest	2mmx2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	4	sag chest	2mmx2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	5	thin chest	.75mmx.5mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	mpr
	6	axial MIP lung	10mmx2mm	b20s smooth	lung	pac
	7	MIP RT pulmonary art	10mmx2mm	31 medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	8	MIP LT pulmonary art	10mmx2mm	31 medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
Helical Set #2 70 sec delay	recon	body part	thickness spacing	kernel	window	recon destination
	1	abd/pelvis	2mmx 2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	2	coronal abdomen	2mmx2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
	3	sag abdomen	2mmx2mm	31medium smooth	mediastinum	pac
Scan Start	Chest-2cm superior to lung apices// AP Diaphragm					
end location	Chest-inferior aspect of L-1//AP lesser trochanter					
DFOV	40cm/decrease for lung recons decrease appropriately for pt size					
3D Technique Used	10x2 MIP obliques to pulmonary arteries					
IV contrast volume/type	<200lbs 100ml isovue 370 @4cc/sec >200lbs 125ml isovue 370 @5cc/sec					
	Performed as directed by a supervising radiologist					
Scan delay	bolus tracking at plmonary trunk(level just inferior to carina)//AP 70sec Trigger is +90HU					
	Comments: Being able to locate the pulmonary trunk is important. The monitoring phase will not trigger properly and the scan will not start correctly if the roi is not placed on the correct anatomy.					
	Approximate Values for CT DIvol					
Patient size	weight(kg)	weight(lbs)				CTDIvol(mGy)
SMALL	50-70	110-155				4-10
AVERAGE	70-90	155-200				8-16
LARGE	90-120	200-265				14-22

NOTE:

The AAPM recommended NEMA XR29 Dose Notification Value for an adult torso is 50mGy. Dose Notification levels less than the

AAPM recommended can be set. The maximum CTDI vol should match the dose notification value. Exams with CTDI vol values less than the minimum allowed range should not be performed unless approved by a radiologist.

